

Summit Speech School

Financial Statements

June 30, 2022



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Summit Speech School
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June 30, 2022

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees of
Summit Speech School
New Providence, New Jersey

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Summit Speech School, a School for Students with Disabilities (a New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation) (the "School"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Summit Speech School, a School for Students with Disabilities, as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

To the Board of Trustees of
Summit Speech School

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

To the Board of Trustees of
Summit Speech School

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2022, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Nisiroccia LLP

Bridgewater, New Jersey
October 31, 2022

Summit Speech School
Statement of Financial Position
June 30, 2022

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,701,645
Investments		5,137,652
Accounts receivable - tuition		137,793
Accounts receivable - other		186,955
Pledge receivable		25,000
Prepaid expenses		79,281
Property, plant and equipment, net		<u>577,898</u>
Total assets	\$	<u><u>7,846,224</u></u>

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	320,041
Accounts payable - tuition		45,618
Long-term debt		<u>16,208</u>
Total liabilities		<u>381,867</u>
Net Assets:		
Without donor restrictions		3,590,510
With donor restrictions		<u>3,873,847</u>
Total net assets		<u>7,464,357</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	<u><u>7,846,224</u></u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Summit Speech School
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Without Donor Restrictions</u>	<u>With Donor Restrictions</u>	<u>Total</u>
Support and revenue:			
Tuition - Public school placement	\$ 1,354,624		\$ 1,354,624
Tuition - Extraordinary services	65,528		65,528
Contract and itinerant fees	1,397,431		1,397,431
Early intervention program	242,272		242,272
Grants and contributions	864,756	\$ 146,950	1,011,706
In-kind donations	478,928		478,928
Fundraising events	103,928		103,928
Other income	20,305		20,305
Fund balance released from restriction			
Satisfaction of purpose restrictions	194,102	(194,102)	
Total support and revenue	<u>4,721,874</u>	<u>(47,152)</u>	<u>4,674,722</u>
Expenses:			
Program services:			
Preschool	1,161,113		1,161,113
Early Intervention	438,412		438,412
Itinerant	1,326,347		1,326,347
Audiology/other	135,852		135,852
Total program services	<u>3,061,724</u>		<u>3,061,724</u>
Supporting services:			
Management and general	1,076,717		1,076,717
Fundraising	563,074		563,074
Total supporting services	<u>1,639,791</u>		<u>1,639,791</u>
Total expenses	<u>4,701,515</u>		<u>4,701,515</u>
Change in net assets from operations	20,359	(47,152)	(26,793)
Non-operating:			
Net investment income (loss)	25,731	(1,537,220)	(1,511,489)
Change in net assets	46,090	(1,584,372)	(1,538,282)
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>3,544,420</u>	<u>5,458,219</u>	<u>9,002,639</u>
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 3,590,510</u>	<u>\$ 3,873,847</u>	<u>\$ 7,464,357</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Summit Speech School
Statement of Functional Expenses
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Program Services				Supporting Services		Total	
	Preschool	Early Intervention	Itinerant	Audiology/ Other	Subtotal	Management and General		Fundraising
Salaries and wages	\$ 727,208	\$ 303,336	\$ 865,996	\$ 94,000	\$ 1,990,540	\$ 606,000	\$ 234,863	\$ 2,831,403
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	165,361	69,951	219,235	17,831	472,378	138,152	27,880	638,410
Pension plan	8,119	2,771	20,107	1,845	32,842	10,490	2,987	46,319
Total salaries and related benefits	900,688	376,058	1,105,338	113,676	2,495,760	754,642	265,730	3,516,132
Rent	89,189	36,190	108,375	10,770	244,524	85,506	44,970	375,000
Contracted services	24,602	1,579	1,043	31	27,255	100,955	70,776	198,986
Depreciation	17,298	2,276	8,095	1,332	29,001	10,141	5,334	44,476
Insurance	19,175	1,352	9,042	1,384	30,953	10,824	5,693	47,470
Other expenses	3,490				3,490	3,125	133,646	140,261
Utilities	24,076	3,678	13,076	2,151	42,981	15,030	7,905	65,916
Professional fees						20,528		20,528
Travel	838	5,926	45,189	160	52,113	190		52,303
Supplies and materials	22,992	2,375	4,357	1,090	30,814	9,700	6,534	47,048
Maintenance	58,765	8,978	31,832	5,258	104,833	36,658	19,279	160,770
Communication/telephone						27,042	3,207	30,249
Interest						2,376		2,376
Total expenses	<u>\$ 1,161,113</u>	<u>\$ 438,412</u>	<u>\$ 1,326,347</u>	<u>\$ 135,852</u>	<u>\$ 3,061,724</u>	<u>\$ 1,076,717</u>	<u>\$ 563,074</u>	<u>\$ 4,701,515</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Summit Speech School
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash flows from operating activities	
Change in net assets	\$ (1,538,282)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	44,476
Realized/unrealized (gains) and losses on investments	1,604,597
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable - tuition	(4,652)
Accounts receivable - other	(42,171)
Pledge receivable	22,152
Prepaid expenses	(21,281)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	87,309
Accounts payable - tuition	11,750
	<u>163,898</u>
Cash flows provided by operating activities	<u>163,898</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(27,453)
Proceeds from investments	2,819,337
Purchase of investments	(2,638,819)
	<u>153,065</u>
Cash flows provided by investing activities	<u>153,065</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Payments on long-term debt	(44,088)
	<u>(44,088)</u>
Cash flows used in financing activities	<u>(44,088)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	272,875
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>1,428,770</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u><u>\$ 1,701,645</u></u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash activity:	
Cash paid for interest	<u><u>\$ 2,376</u></u>
Unrealized loss on investments	<u><u>\$ 1,537,220</u></u>
In-kind donations	<u><u>\$ 478,928</u></u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

1. Nature of Activities

Summit Speech School (a New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation) (the "School") is a New Jersey State Department of Education approved private school for students with disabilities serving the hearing impaired. The School provides an Early Intervention Program of 48 weeks per year, a Preschool Program of 180 days and an extended school year of 30 days, and an Itinerant Mainstream Support Program for main-streamed children, grades Pre-K through 12. The School also provides audiology services 52 weeks per year.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A summary of the significant accounting policies followed by the School in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements is set forth below:

The School prepares its financial statements in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"), *Accounting for Contributions Received and Made*, and *FASB ASC, Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities* establishes standards for external financial reporting by not-for-profit organizations and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into two net asset categories: net assets with donor restrictions and net assets without donor restrictions. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in net assets without donor restriction if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions. In addition, the standard requires the presentation of qualitative information on how the School manages its liquid available resources and liquidity risks. Quantitative information that communicates the availability of a nonprofit's financial assets at the statement of financial position date to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year is required to be presented on the face of the financial statement and/or in the notes to the financial statements.

Accounting for Contributions Received and Made requires that unconditional promises to give be recorded as receivables and revenue and requires the organization to distinguish between contributions received for each net asset category in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions.

Accordingly, net assets of the School and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions are resources representing the portion of expendable funds available for support of the School 's programs and general operations. These resources are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Net assets without donor restrictions also include those expendable resources which may have been designated for special use by the Board of Trustees.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions are net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the School or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity. Donor restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. The School had net assets with donor restrictions of \$3,873,847 as of June 30, 2022.

Revenue and Support Recognition

Revenue is measured based on consideration specified in a contract with a customer. This occurs with the transfer of control of the sale at a specific point in time. The School recognizes tuition, community service revenue, government contract revenue, other program revenue, and other revenue when the services are provided. The School records special event revenue equal to the fair value of direct benefits to donors and for the excess over event cost received when the event takes place. There are no multi-year contracts and performance obligations are typically satisfied within one year or less.

The School recognizes contributions and pledges when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier, and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. The School's state contracts and grants are conditioned upon certain performance requirements.

The majority of the School's revenue is derived from cost-reimbursable contracts, which are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/ or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when the School has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as deferred revenue in the statement of financial position.

Amounts received are recognized as revenue when the School has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as deferred revenue in the statement of financial position.

Special Events

The School records special events revenue equal to the fair value of direct benefits to donors, and contribution income for the excess received when the event takes place. Amounts received prior to the event taking place are recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying statements of financial position. There was no deferred revenue at June 30, 2022.

Disaggregation of Revenue

In the following table, revenue is disaggregated by timing of satisfaction of performance obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time	<u>\$ 3,163,783</u>
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Revenue from performance obligations satisfied at a point in time is comprised of tuition – public school placement, tuition – extraordinary services, contract and itinerant fees, early intervention program, and other revenue related to the School's fundraising efforts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School considers all highly liquid investing instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable – Tuition and Bad Debts

Accounts receivable – tuition are stated at the amounts management expects to collect from public school districts. No allowance for bad debts has been provided for in the restricted fund. The School writes off uncollectible accounts in the restricted fund, if any, on the direct method after three years have elapsed and reasonable collection efforts have been made, in accordance with procedures prescribed by the New Jersey Department of Education.

Accounts Receivable – Other, Contributions Receivable and Allowances for Uncollectible Accounts

Accounts receivable – other are stated at the amounts management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to expense and a credit to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to receivables. Management has determined that an allowance for uncollectible accounts in the without donor restrictions fund is not necessary at June 30, 2022.

Investments

The School follows the provisions of FASB ASC, *Accounting for Certain Investments Held by Not-for-Profit Organizations*. In accordance with this accounting standard, investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at their fair value in the statement of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets. Investment income or loss (including interest, dividends and realized gains and losses on sale of investments) are included in the statement of activities as increases or decreases of net assets without donor restrictions unless the income or loss is restricted by the donor or law. Investment income and gains restricted by a donor are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions are met (either by the passage of time or by use) in the reporting period in which the income and gains are recognized. Fair market value, at acquisition or contribution, as well as at subsequent dates, is determined based on quoted market prices as provided by the investment advisors. Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation.

Consideration is given to (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and (3) the intent and ability of the School to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost, if purchased, or at fair value at date of gift, if received by donation. Such donations are reported as unrestricted support unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted support.

Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the School reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service as instructed by the donor. The School reclassifies restricted net assets to net assets without donor restrictions at that time. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the lesser of the estimated useful life of the asset or the remaining lease term. Expenditures for maintenance and minor repairs which do not extend the useful life of the asset are expensed as costs are incurred.

In accordance with FASB ASC, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*, the School periodically evaluates property and equipment for impairment, relying on a number of factors including operating results, and future business plans. Recoverability of property is evaluated by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset or asset group to estimated future recoverability of the carrying amount of the asset or asset group. If these comparisons indicate that an asset is not recoverable, the impairment loss recognized is the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the estimated fair value. There were no impairments charged to operations for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Tax-exempt Status

The School is recognized as a charitable, nonprofit organization exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The School is an exempt entity under Title 15 of the State of New Jersey, Corporations and Associations Not-for-Profit Act. Accordingly, no provision for federal or state income tax has been presented in the accompanying financial statements. Management has stated that all tax returns have been filed and applicable taxes paid in a timely manner.

The School follows the provisions of FASB ASC, *Income Taxes*. The standard prescribes a minimum recognition threshold and measurement methodology that a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance for derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition as they relate to those tax positions.

The School does not expect a significant increase or decrease to the total amounts of unrecognized tax positions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. However, the School is subject to regular audit by tax authorities, including a review of its nonprofit status, which the School believes would be upheld upon examination. The School believes that it has appropriate support for the positions taken on its tax returns. Nonetheless, the amounts ultimately paid, if any, upon resolution of the issues raised by the taxing authorities may differ materially from the amounts accrued for each year.

As required by law, the School files an informational return with the United States federal government on an annual basis - Form 990 with the Internal Revenue Service. This return is subject to examination by this authority within three years of the latest filing.

In-Kind Donations

The Organization follows the provisions of FASB ASU 2020-07, *Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets* (Topic 958), which requires nonprofits to present contributed nonfinancial assets as a separate line in the statement of activities apart from contributions of cash or other financial assets.

In-kind donations are reflected as contributions at their fair value on the date of donation and are reported as without donor restrictions unless explicit donor stipulations specify how donated assets must be used. See Note 12 for more information on in-kind donations.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In accordance with FASB ASC, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, fair value is defined as a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. The objective of a fair value measurement is to estimate the price at which an orderly transaction to sell the asset or to transfer the liability would take place between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions (that is, an exit price at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant that holds the asset or owes the liability). A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability either occurs in the principal market (or in its absence, the most advantageous market) for the asset or liability.

The *Fair Value Measurements Topic* of the FASB ASC establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Fair value focuses on the price that would be received to sell the asset or paid to transfer the liability regardless of whether an observable market price existed (an exit price).

An exit price valuation will include margins for risk even if they are not observable. As the organization is released from risk, the margins for risk will also be released through net realized capital gains (losses) in net income. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the School has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value are based on one or more of three valuation techniques:

- Market approach - Prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities;
- Cost approach - Amount that would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (i.e., replacement cost);
- Income approach - Techniques that convert future amounts to a single present amount based on market expectations (including present value techniques, option-pricing models, and lattice models).

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. For some assets and liabilities, observable market transactions or market information may be available. For other assets and liabilities, observable market transactions and market information might not be available. When a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a reporting entity measures fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Because fair value is a market-based measurement, it is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. As a result, a reporting entity's intention to hold an asset or settle or otherwise fulfill a liability is not relevant when measuring fair value.

The following is a description of valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2022.

Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable-tuition, accounts receivable-other, pledges receivable, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, accrued expenses, accounts payable - tuition: the carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Long-term debt is carried at amortized cost. However, the School believes it can obtain similar loans at similar terms; therefore, the School has determined that amortized cost approximates fair value.

Equity securities: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the School are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the SEC. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the School are deemed to be actively traded.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. The statement of functional expenses presents the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among program and supporting services benefited. The financial statements may report certain categories of expense that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied.

Expenses are charged to each program based on direct expenditures incurred. Any program expenditures not directly chargeable are allocated based on estimates made by management. Program expenses are those related to public school, private placement education and other program services.

Management and general expenses relate to administrative expenses associated to those programs and are allocated based on estimates of time and effort considered by management to be reasonable. Fundraising relates to direct costs incurred in order to raise contributions and awareness for the School and its mission as a whole.

Donated Services

The Board of Trustees make significant contributions of time relative to general management and operations of the School. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in the financial statements as it does not meet the requirements for recognition under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities, revenue and expenses and changes therein, and disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities and accompanying notes. It is reasonably possible that the School's estimates may change in the near term.

Advertising Expense

The School expenses advertising costs as they are incurred. During the current fiscal year, the School did not incur any advertising expense.

Operating Environment

The School operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the School are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal, state, and local regulatory agencies including, but not limited to, the Division of Finance and Business Services, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress, or an administrative change mandated by the Division of Finance and Business Services, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

New Pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. ASU 2016-02 requires all lessees to record a lease liability at lease inception, with a corresponding right of use asset, except for short-term leases. The new standard requires lessors to account for leases using an approach that is substantially equivalent to existing guidance. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, with early adoption permitted. The School is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the School's financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Management has reviewed subsequent events and transactions that occurred after June 30, 2022, through the date of the independent auditors' report and the date the financial statements were available to be issued, October 31, 2022. The financial statements include all events or transactions, including estimates, required to be recognized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Management has determined that there are no nonrecognized subsequent events that require additional disclosure.

3. Liquidity and Availability

The adoption of FASB Update No. 2016-14 requires the presentation of qualitative information on how the School manages its liquid available resources and liquidity risks. Quantitative information that communicates the availability of a nonprofit's financial assets at the statement of financial position date to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year is required to be presented on the face of the financial statement and/or in the notes to the financial statements.

Summit Speech School
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date, are comprised of the following:

Financial assets at year end:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,701,645
Accounts receivable - tuition	137,793
Accounts receivable - other	186,955
Pledge receivable	25,000
Investments	<u>5,137,652</u>
	7,189,045
Less: Net assets with donor restrictions	<u>(3,873,847)</u>
Financial assets available for general expenditure	<u>\$ 3,315,198</u>

The School receives tuition income from New Jersey public school sending districts and although central to the operation of the School, management considers this funding restricted due to New Jersey State law regarding public school tuition funds.

The School's working capital and cash flows have predictable variations during the school year. Cash receipts and cash balances are lowest during July and August when school districts are generally paying tuition invoices for reduced school sessions.

During the months of September through December, the School's cash flow improves as a result of higher tuition revenues and fundraising events and campaigns. The trend of positive cash flow then continues through June, the end of the school year.

The School has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. The School has a goal to maintain financial assets on hand to meet approximately 4 months of normal operating expenses. In addition to these available financial assets, a significant portion of the School's annual expenditures will be funded by the current year operating revenue related to tuition.

Summit Speech School
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

4. Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment and their related estimated useful lives as of June 30, 2022, are comprised of the following:

	<u>Estimated Useful Lives</u>	
Leasehold improvements	5-25	\$ 4,711,237
Furniture and fixtures	5-10	406,702
Equipment	5-10	<u>15,402</u>
		5,133,341
Less: accumulated depreciation		<u>(4,555,443)</u>
		<u>\$ 577,898</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2022, amounted to \$44,476.

5. Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions at June 30, 2022, are available for the following purposes or periods:

Endowments:

Subject to investment in perpetuity:

Endowment fund \$ 3,873,847

Net assets were released from donor restrictions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, by the passage of time or incurring expenses that satisfy the specified restrictions placed by donors as follows:

Purpose restriction accomplished:

Program activities \$ 194,102

As required by GAAP, net assets associated with the endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. The Board of Trustees of the School has interpreted the State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the donor-restricted endowment funds.

Management of the School has interpreted the State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the School classifies as net assets with donor restrictions perpetual in nature (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund.

In accordance with SPMIFA, the School considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor- restricted endowment funds: (1) the duration and preservation of the various funds, (2) the purposes of the donor-restricted endowment funds, (3) general economic conditions, (4) the possible effect of inflation and deflation, (5) the expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments, (6) other resources of the School, and (7) the School's investment policies.

Investment Return Objectives, Risk Parameters and Strategies:

The School has adopted investment and spending policies, approved by management of the School, for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment funds while also maintaining the purchasing power of those endowment assets over the long-term. Accordingly, the investment process seeks to achieve an after-cost total real rate of return, including investment income as well as capital appreciation, which exceeds the annual distribution with acceptable levels of risk.

Endowment assets are invested in a well-diversified asset mix, which includes equity and debt securities, that is intended to result in a consistent inflation-protected rate of return that has sufficient liquidity to make an annual distribution of 4-5%, while growing the funds if possible. Therefore, the School expects its endowment assets, over time, to produce an average rate of return of approximately 2% annually. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Investment risk is measured in terms of the total endowment fund; investment assets and allocation between asset classes and strategies are managed to not expose the fund to unacceptable levels of risk.

6. Line of Credit

Investors Bank provided the School with a line of credit used for working capital financing. The total available line of credit was \$250,000, which expired November 1, 2021, and was not renewed. Interest accrued and was paid monthly at the Investors Bank's prime rate plus 2%. The line was collateralized by the business assets of the School. The School had no outstanding balance as of June 30, 2022.

Summit Speech School
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

7. Operating Leases

The School contracted for the lease of three copiers in March 2022. Future minimum payments under these leases with an initial term of more than one year as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	
2023	\$ 14,606
2024	14,606
2025	14,606
2026	14,606
2027	<u>10,955</u>
Total	<u>\$ 69,379</u>

Rental expense under these leases was approximately \$18,332 during the year ended June 30, 2022.

8. Pledge Receivable

The pledge receivable in the amount of \$25,000 is due during the year ended June 30, 2023.

9. Investments

The School invests in mutual funds and equity securities. Fair value for investments are determined by unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets. There were no changes in valuation techniques for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Investments at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Market (Level 1)</u>	<u>Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)</u>
Equity securities	\$ 4,745,481	\$ 4,186,060	\$ (559,421)
Mutual funds	<u>1,406,474</u>	<u>951,592</u>	<u>(454,882)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 6,151,955</u>	<u>\$ 5,137,652</u>	<u>\$ (1,014,303)</u>

Summit Speech School
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Investment roll forward at June 30, 2022, is summarized as follows:

June 30, 2021 balance	\$ 6,922,767
Purchases	2,638,819
Sales	(2,819,337)
Realized gains/(losses)	(67,377)
Unrealized gains/(losses)	<u>(1,537,220)</u>
June 30, 2022 balance	<u><u>\$ 5,137,652</u></u>

10. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

On April 18, 2018, the School entered into a note payable with Investors Bank for the replacement of the HVAC system. The note required a monthly payment of \$3,849.12 for 84 months through May 1, 2025. The interest rate on the loan is 5.125%. In August 2018, the School made an additional principal in the amount of \$90,000.

	<u>\$ 16,208</u>
Total long-term debt	<u><u>\$ 16,208</u></u>

Interest expense on this long-term debt amounted to \$2,376 during the year ended June 30, 2022.

11. Accounts Payable – Tuition

The School has pending appeals with the Department of Education resulting from issues identified during the audit for the school year ending June 30, 1993. Inasmuch as the June 30, 1993, adjustments are related to the state audit for the year ended June 30, 1992, the School has not refunded the \$33,869 overcharges pending the outcome of the appeal related to the year ended June 30, 1992. The School's management has indicated that these refunds will be made available upon settlement of the Department of Education appeal. The remaining accounts payable – tuition balance of \$11,749 relates to additional billing for the year ended June 30, 2022.

12. In-Kind Donations

The Borough of New Providence has donated the use of the school site which was recorded at a fair market value of \$375,000 for twelve months. This is recorded as an in-kind donation and other program expenses. Various individuals donated \$103,928 of items and services which were provided to attendees at the spring benefit and golf outing.

13. Concentration of Credit Risk

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents.

Credit risk as it relates to accounts receivable - tuition has been determined by management to be minimal since it is spread out among numerous public school sending districts and amounts are contractually provided for.

14. Retirement Plan

The School established a non-contributory defined contribution retirement plan (the Plan) effective July 1, 1991. The Plan was amended on June 1, 2018. For tax purposes, the Plan is considered a qualified plan. An employee becomes eligible for the Plan after completing a year of service of at least 1,250 hours and attaining the age of 21. The School's contribution to the Plan is determined annually by the Board of Trustees based on a fixed percentage of the compensation of all eligible participants.

The School's pension plan is in conformance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and its successor legislation.

There was an employer discretionary contribution of \$46,319 for all programs covered in this report for the year ended June 30, 2022.

15. Risks and Uncertainties

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19") global pandemic has created stock market volatility, economic uncertainties and other uncertainties that have impacted the School's operations, financial statements, and cash flows. The impact of COVID-19 on the School's operational and financial performance in fiscal year 2022 was not material.

The extent of the impact in the future will depend on certain developments, including the duration and extent of the pandemic and mitigation measures implemented in the United States and New Jersey, impact on the School's donors, employees, and suppliers all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, the ongoing financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Summit Speech School
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program/Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing #	Pass-Through Entity ID#	Grant/Project#	Grant Period	Grant	Cumulative Program Disbursements	Current Year		
							Program Disbursements	Cash Received	Provided to Subrecipients
<u>U.S Department of Education:</u>									
Passed through:									
New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services									
Early Intervention Services	84.181A	N/A	04-2166-EIP-N-0	7/1/21-6/30/22	\$ 95,455	\$ 95,455	\$ 95,455	\$ 95,349	\$
Total federal awards					\$ 95,455	\$ 95,455	\$ 95,455	\$ 95,349	\$

See independent auditors report and notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

Summit Speech School
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program</u>	<u>State Grant Account Number</u>	<u>State Account Number</u>	<u>Grant Period</u>	<u>Award Amount</u>	<u>Cumulative Program Disbursements</u>	<u>Current Year</u>	
						<u>Program Disbursements</u>	<u>Cash Received</u>
<u>NJ Department of Health and Senior Services</u>			<u>7/1/2021 Through</u>				
Early Intervention Services	04-2166-EIP-N-0	N/A	6/30/2022	\$ 146,817	\$ 146,817	\$ 146,817	\$ 146,653
Total state awards				<u>\$ 146,817</u>	<u>\$ 146,817</u>	<u>\$ 146,817</u>	<u>\$ 146,653</u>

See independent auditors report and notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

Summit Speech School
Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards
June 30, 2022

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards present the activity of all financial assistance programs of the School. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*. Therefore, some amounts presented in these schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal and state awards passed through other government agencies are included in the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the School, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the School.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are presented using the accrual basis of accounting which is described in Note 2 to the financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The School's payroll tax returns were properly filed during the year ended June 30, 2022.

4. Sub-recipients

No federal or state awards were provided to sub-recipients.

5. Relationship to Federal and State Financial Reports

The regulations and guidelines governing the preparation of federal and state financial reports vary by federal and state agency and among programs administered by the same agencies. Accordingly, the amounts reported in the federal and state financial reports do not necessarily agree with the amounts reported in the accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, which are prepared on the accrual basis explained in Note 2.

6. Single Audit – Type A/Type B Program Threshold

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs is \$750,000. Single audit expenditure threshold requirement is \$750,000.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial
Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Trustees of
Summit Speech School
New Providence, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Summit Speech School, a School for Students with Disabilities, (a New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation) (the "School") which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

To the Board of Directors of
Summit Speech School

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nisiroccia LLP

Bridgewater, New Jersey
October 31, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program and
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance
and New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB

To the Board of Trustees of
Summit Speech School
New Providence, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited Summit Speech School's, a School for Students with Disabilities, (a New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation) (the "School") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and New Jersey, *State Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion the School complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program.

To the Board of Trustees of
Summit Speech School

Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School's state programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

To the Board of Trustees of
Summit Speech School

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nisiroccia LLP

Bridgewater, New Jersey
October 31, 2022

**Summit Speech School
 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
 Year Ended June 30, 2022**

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial statements

The auditors' report issued on the financial statements of Summit Speech School was an unmodified opinion.

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiencies identified? _____ Yes X None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

_____ Yes X No

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiencies identified? _____ Yes X None reported

The auditors' report issued on compliance for major state programs was an unmodified opinion.

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey State Circular 15-08-OMB

_____ Yes X No

The following state programs were designated as major programs:

<u>State Agency</u>	<u>State Grant Account Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services: Early Intervention Services	04-2166-EIP-N-O	\$ 146,817

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs

\$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? _____ X Yes _____ No

II. Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

III. Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

**Summit Speech School
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Status of Prior Audit Findings:

There were no audit findings in the prior year.